

Safeguarding Adults

An Easy to read booklet





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What is Safeguarding?

Safeguarding means protecting an adult's right to live in safety, free from abuse and neglect. The aims of adult safeguarding are to: prevent harm and reduce the risk of abuse or neglect to adults with care and support needs.



What is Abuse?

Abuse is when someone causes us harm or distress. It can take many forms, ranging from disrespect to causing someone physical or mental pain. It can occur in someone's home, a care home, a hospital or a public place. Often the people who commit abuse are taking advantage of a special relationship.



What kinds of abuse are there?

Physical Abuse	This is when someone makes
This is when someone hurts you	you feel bad - like saying nasty things,
by hitting, kicking or biting.	shouting or threatening
Financial Abuse	🦂 Sexual Abuse 🋓
This is when someone takes	This is when someone touches your body
your money or things which	or makes you do sexual things you do not
belong to you without asking.	want
• Organisational Abuse • 🌮	Neglect
This is when paid staff in a hospital or	This is when people who are
care home do not care for you very	there to help you do not look
well.	after you very well.
The Discrimination	Modern Slavery
This is when people treat you	This is when people are forced
badly or unfairly because of	to do work for little or no
who you are.	money.
Self-neglect	📕 Domestic abuse 属
This is when you stop looking	This is when you are abused,
after yourself by not eating	threatened or hurt by family,
well or keeping yourself clean.	partner or ex-partner.
Pa	age 5



Who can be an abuser?



• Most people do not abuse others.



• Abuse can happen anywhere, at anytime and by anyone. It could be:



A staff member or volunteer



Someone in your family



A friend or neighbour



Someone you do not know



Who are 'adults at risk' of abuse?

'Adults at risk' are people who are 18+ and need more help than others to stay safe and live their lives.

Who needs more help...



People with disabilities



Older people



People with poor mental health





People with long-term illness

People with addiction problems



What are the signs of abuse?

There are many signs of abuse. Even if you are not sure whether these signs mean abuse, you should still report them to us.

The person being abused could:



Look dirty or is not dressed properly



Have an injury that is hard to explain



Seem frightened around certain people



Be unusually scared, upset, worried or withdrawn



What should you do?



To report a concern about an adult - click here



If these things happen to you or someone you know who is a vulnerable adult in Havering, report it to us.

Here are some examples of vulnerable adults:

- the elderly
- frail people
- those with learning or physical disabilities
- people with health issues
- people with mental health needs

To report the abuse of a vulnerable adult please visit Haverings safeguarding adults page https://safeguardinghavering.org.uk/adultsboard/ and click the big red button in the top right hand side and fill out our online form .



Please give us as much information as you can so we can look into it.



In an emergency call **999** for the Police.



What will happen next?



The safeguarding adults team will receive the referral and your report will be taken seriously.



We will try to find out more about what has happened.



If we need too, we will work with the adult at risk to put a plan in place that helps to keep them safe.

Contact: Adult Social Services Safeguarding Adults Team Telephone: 01708 433 550 Email: <u>safeguarding_adults_team@havering.gov.uk</u> Mental Health Telephone: 0800 995 1000 (Freephone) Call for Mental Health help and advice anytime day or night. NELFT can arrange for an adult to speak with a mental health professional. They can also signpost to services and support.

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